

ENGLISH

<u>||<\\\</u>}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\}>|<\\\\

- Do reading of Ch 3 The Selfish Giant and Ch 4 The Treasure Within of Supplementary Reader book. (It so happened)
- Assignments of writing and Grammar must be done on loose sheets.
- Keep these assignments in decorative file/folder.
- Do your work in neat and clean handwriting.

Writing Assignment

- Q1. Write a notice on inter-school sports meets inviting students to volunteer for joining the management committees.
- Q.2. You have lost your Titan wrist watch in your school. Draft a notice, in not more than 50, words to be placed on your school notice board. You are a student of class XII of Rani Ahalya Devi Senior Secondary School, Gwalior. Sign as Rani/Ram.
- Q.3. You are Sports Secretary of Lalwani Public School, Udaipur. Draft a notice in not more than 50 words for your school notice board asking the students to give their names for participation in various events to be held on the Annual Sports Day of your school. Invent the details of the events. Sign as Lalit/Lalita.
- Q.4. Student of 7th class has lost his library book in playground during the recess he wants to put up the notice on the school notice board write is note not more than 50 words.

Q.5.Develop stories from given outlines. Remember to give the moral of the story in the end. An old lady becomes blind
furniture moral.
Q.6. Given below is an outline of a story in which a disciple is expecting the visit of God. Develop a complete story on the basis of the input given. Also state the moral of the story.
God's promise to a disciple to visit her disciple cleans her house and waits for
God poor old lady knocks her door disciple doesn't help her tells her
not to waste her time next, beggar comes at her door step she doesn't entertain him either Finally a child knocks her door she sends him away too dreams of

............ lady disappointed moral.

Q.7.Given below is an outline of the story given in the form of phrases. Fill in the blanks to create the complete story.

God that night God tells him that he had come thrice at her door step, but she didn't bother

A rich man had many servants...... purse with lot of money is stolen from rich man's drawer...... rich man files a complaint in the police station all the servants called stick of same length given to each servants told that stick of the thief will grow by one inch overnight the thief cuts his stick by one inch he is easily caught the next day.

Q.8. Describe your mother to your school friends using the information given below.

Age-40 years

Height-tall

Complexion-fair

Appearance-beautiful

Build-plump

- Education-Post graduate
- Qualities-soft spoken, patient, understanding and kind
- Q.9. Write a letter to your sister who has passed her Higher Secondary Examination advising her to join the First Year Class in Eco-educational College.

- Q.10. Write a letter to your mother telling her how you saved the life of a drowning child.
- Q.11. Write a letter to your friend telling him about your future plans after you leave school.
- Q.12. Write a letter to your father requesting him to increase your pocket money.

DETERMINERS	
Determiners are words we use in front of nouns. We use determiners to identify things. I	Following are
some exercises bases on Determiners.	
Determiners Exercises	
Q.1.Complete the following passage with suitable determiners:	
You're going to take the life away of (1) man with (2)	
you will give it back. This is (3) enormous step (4)	precious life
is at stake. You must perform to the best of (5) ability to save (6)	
patient's life.	
Q.2.Put in 'a', 'an', 'many', 'much', 'a few', or 'a little' where necessary:	
 I wrote it on piece of paper. He wants to write it in ink, give him pen. 	
3. He bought orange and banana.4. They waited for bus for half hour.	
5 table is made of wood.	
Q.3. Identify the error in the following sentences and correct them.	
1. I'm sorry there isn't many food left but I can make some sandwiches if you like	•
2. You should drink more water and lesser coffee.	•
3. Have you got much books? I've only got a few.	
4. Annie is eating fewer rice because she wants to lose weight.	
5. Maggie's mother died few years ago.	
6. He has little friends because of his nasty temper.	
7. The motocyclist lost many blood in the accident.	
8. It was a boring talk and I paid a little attention to it.	
9. Salsa has given me much good ideas.	
10. She didn't bring some food for the picnic so I gave her a bun.	
NOUNS	
Q.4. In the sentences given below identify nouns and state what type of noun it is.	
1. A dog likes to eat bread.	
 Police have given a grand party to public. The monitor told the class to keep mum. 	
4. Hari likes to read Indian story always.	
5. The Ganga flows from the Himalayas.	
6. A Bengal tiger looks great.	
7. A man was standing there.	
8. Players were playing football.	
9. Oranges are a costly fruit.	
10. Eggs were broken by a boy.	
Q.5. Fill in the blanks with suitable words.	
1. A swarm of are flying all around.	
2. A of musicians were performing.	
3. Farmers keep a of buffaloes.	
4. A of girls could be seen here always.	
5. The house was on the target by a gang of	
6. The board of decided to postpone it.	
7. Mr Arora booked of rooms in a hotel.	
8. A troop of looks elegant on the go.	
9. Forests show you a clump of	
10. The minister crossed with a heavy fleet of	

SENTENCES Q.6. Read the following sentences and mark whether Declarative, Interrogative, Imperative or Exchamatory. 1. Do you drink milk daily? 2. Stars are twinking in the sky. 3. Ahl What a lovely rose. 4. Let us go for a river bath. 5. Let us go to the river bath. 6. The train is not running on time. 7. Where has Rohan gone? 8. Call in the doctor please. 9. Kindly lend me your book. 10. His dis book. Q.7. Change the type of sentence as indicated in the bracket. 1. It is a lovely rose, (Exchamatory) 2. Bravol A rine kick, (Assertive) 3. She dail not behave well there. (Interrogative) 4. Will you lend me your book? (Interrogative) 5. Show me your house, (Interrogative) 7. Where has well the correct form of the verb: 1. The snake went away without the child. (harm) 2. He refused me into his room. (admit) 3. I am willing to beg that I may be a larry. (hegin) 5. His speech was miversally, (appland) 6. He for his watch for a long time, but in vain, (search) 7. It me me a fine on you (pain, inflict) 8. It me the show three times. (repeat) 9. We must more and the consequences. (fear) 9. We must more and phrases to form meaningful sentences. Write the correct sentences. 1. inventions/our life/easier/made/many/have 2. time/inventions/our/life/fort/save/and 3. fire/whee/larvand/some of the/inventions/man/o/Byreatest 4. Own/identity/ince-leate-leyt-startinat-level/land 7. teach/miny/they/ work/info 8. doesbring happinss/success/rof 9. youn one-many/thathelieve/success/bring/and/happiness 10. start/mink/lappiness/success/rof 9. yononeymany/thathelieve/success/bring/and/happiness 10. start/mink/lappiness/success/rof 10. Iden get the following as directed: 11. Birds diff in the sky, (negative) Past Cominious 12. Robit loves his parents. (interrogative) Simple Past 13. Children play in the evening, (negative) Simple Past 14. Children play in the evening, (negative) Simple Past Cominious 15. Robit loves his parents. (interrogative) Simple Past Cominious 16. He is leaning mask, (neg

1.	The snake went away without the child. (harm)
2.	He refused me into his room. (admit)
3.	I am willing to beg that I may be (forgive)
4.	and do not leave off in a hurry. (begin)
5.	His speech was universally. (applaud)
6.	He for his watch for a long time, but in vain. (search)
7.	It me a fine on you. (pain, inflict)
8.	He the show three times. (repeat)
9.	We must our rules. (obey)
10	I do not the consequences (fear)

	<u>SCIENC</u>	<u>E</u>	
ctivities			
. Prepare a Collage on wild Life	Conservation.		
. Prepare a project/ppt on differen			
. Draw well labelled diagram of			
i. Male Reproductive System			
ii. Female Reproductive Syste			
. Prepare one working model on	any topic of Science.		
ssignment			
	Ch-1		
Fill In the Blanks:			
1) The soil which needs least freq			
2) Leguminous plants help in the			_
3) The process of loosening and t4) Watering of plants through sou	_		
5) The science which deals with			nimals is called
6) Rhizobium bacteria are found			
7) The crops which are sown in r	ainy season are called		
8) The machine used for cutting a			
9) The growing of same kind of p			
10) Large-scale storing of grains . Answer the following questions		_	
1) Mention two ways in which w			
2) Why are pulses alternated with		rice?	
3) What is Green Revolution?	1		
4) Why is the depth at which seed		nt?	
5) What is meant by Agricultural	-		
6) During Ploughing, why the lan		nd not tightly?	
7) Name two modern methods of 8) What do you mean by mixed of	=	mnla	
9) Why is it important to sow see	11 0	•	
10) List any two factors on which			
•			
A. Multiple choice questions	Cell Structure and I	ts Function	
1. Nucleus is separated from cyl	toplasm by		
(a) nuclear membrane	(b) nucleoplasm	(c) organs	(d) cell membrane
2. The liquid material in the nuc	· ·	()	,
(a) chromosomes	(b) bacteria	(c) nucleoplasm	(d) nucleolus
3. Tissues combine to form	(1)	(*)	
(a) nucleus	(b) cells	(c) organism	(d) organs
4. Cells which lack nuclear men	` '	(1) 1-8	(4) 5-8
(a) eukaryotic cells	(b) prokaryotic cells	(c) single cells	(d) multicells
5. The coloured organelles which	•	· · · · · ·	(4)
(a) chlorophyll	(b) plastids	(c) vacuoles	(d) WBC
. Fill in the blanks	(b) photos	(c) vacables	(a) \\ DC
1. The basic, functional and struc	ctural unit of life		
2. The organisms which are con			d
3. The name of the power house	e of the cell		
4. Amoeba and Paramecium be		y of organisms	
5. The name of living substance	present in cell		

C. Answer the following: 1. What is the name of thread-like structure present in nucleoplasm? 2. What is the function of cell wall? 3. What do you mean by unicellular and multicellular organisms? 4. Give a brief description of nucleus. 5. Name the following: a. Controls the function of a cell. b. Selectively allows things to get in and out of the cell. c. Transfer characters from parents to offsprings. 6. Differentiate between (a) Cell wall and cell membrane (b) Leucoplast and chloroplast (c) Vacuole in a plant cell and an animal cell (d) A tissue and an organ

_	OCIAL SCIEN ssignment - Geogra		
	Minerals and Powe		
MCQs			
21- Minerals found in are not a		/ -/\	
	(c) Antarctica	(d) Japan	
(a) manganese (b) limestone	(c) coal	(d) petroleum	
Q3- An example of mineral fuel is	(C) Coai	(d) petroleum	
(a) Coal (b) bauxite	(c) iron	(d) gold	
Q4- Limestone is a mineral.	(6) 11011	(4) 80.4	
(a) ferrous (b) metallic	(c) non-metallic	(d) non – ferrous	
Q5- Minerals found near earth's surface			
(a) quarrying (b) drilling	(c) digging		
Q6- Extraction of minerals is carried out	•		
(a) Weathering (b) Clearing fores		(d) Mining	
is a leading producer of tin.		/ I) LICA	
(a) China (b) Pakistan	(c) Switzerland	(d) USA	
Q8 is found in China.	(c) Antimony	(d) Platinum	
(a) Gold (b) Daimond Q9- Crude oil can be found in	(c) Antimony	(d) Platinum	
(a) Qatar (b) Thailand	(c) Malaysia	(d) Zambia	
Q10- High grade iron ore can be found i		(d) Zamsia	
(a) Australia (b) Brazil	(c) Mexico	(d) Chile	
In India, and have late. Wind is an source of energy is used in solar heate. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false state. Iron is a non-metallic mineral. Asia, China and India have iron ore desired. Gold is found in Kolar in Kerala.	ergy. r, solar cookers, etc. atement eposits.		
. Minerals are the backbone of industria	llisation.		
Match the following:	_		
Column A Column I			
i) Wind (a) Nuclear power ii) Kalpakkam (b) The world's la	r piant irgest geothermal powei	· plant producer	
• • •	ole source of energy	L broader	
iv) USA (d) The first tidal			
Define the following:-			
a) Mining (b) Open-cast mining (c)	Shaft mining (d)	Drilling	
Very Short Answer type questions:-			
21. Name any three common minerals u	used by you every day.		
22. Name two naturally occurring radio			
23. Name one ore of Aluminum.			
24. Which country is the largest produc	er of bauxite in the worl	d'?	

Of. Which country has the world's largest geothermal power plants? Of. Name the place in India which has huge tidal mill farms. Of. Name the place in India which has huge tidal mill farms. Of. Which continent produces more than half of the world's tin? Of. Which continent is largest producer of tin? Of. Which continent is largest producer of iron ore in the world? Of. Which continent is largest producer of iron ore in the world? Of. Which continent is largest producer of iron ore in the world? Of. Which continent is largest producer of iron ore in the world? Of. Which continent is largest producer of iron ore? Of. Name the first country to develop hydroelectricity in the world. Or. Which was the first country to develop hydroelectricity? Of. In which industry is silicon important? From which ore is it obtained? Of. Which was the first country to develop hydroelectricity? Of. In which industry is silicon important? From which ore is it obtained? Of. Which was the first country to develop hydroelectricity? Of. Which was the world's largest producers in Asia. Of. Which was the largest producers in Asia. Of. Which was an Australia have large deposits of gold? Of. Which is the world's largest producers in Asia. Of. Which is natural gas? Of. When a ratural gas? In Define minerals. Where are they found? In Which are the uses of minerals? Assignment (History) Ch-5 When People Rebel 1857 and After YERY SHORT QUESTIONS Of. When the two conventional and non-conventional sources of energy? Assignment (History) Ch-5 When People Rebel 1857 and After YERY SHORT QUESTIONS Of. Who was the leader from Bhar who joined the rebelion? Of. When a the terom futury means? Of. Who was the governor-general who decided that Bahadur Shah Zafar would be the last Mughal king? MILLIPLE CHOICE OURSTIONS Of. How many sepoys were dismissed from service and sentenced to ten years in jail on 9 May, 1857? (a) Highly (b) Highty-five (c) Ninery (d) Ninety-five Of. The sepoys were dismissed from service and sentenc

(a) Christian missionaries (b) Buddhist missionaries (c) Hindu missionaries (d) Muslim missionaries (a) Rebellion (b) Mutiny (c) Revolt (d) Resistance (214.1857 revolt began from the city of (a) Meerut (b) Delhi (c) Cawnpur (d) Calcutta HILL IN THE BLANKS: (15	212. /	-	y allowed	-	
[213		* *	` ′		
(a) Rebellion (b) Mutiny (c) Revolt (d) Resistance 214.1857 revolt began from the city of (a) Meerut (b) Delhi (c) Cawnpur (d) Calcutta CILL IN THE BLANKS: 215 was a soldier from Bareily. 216 and gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North india in 1857. 217. The British regained control of the country in the year 218. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS 219. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? 220. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? 221. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? 222. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only memy to them?		` '	` '		
Q14.1857 revolt began from the city of (a) Meerut (b) Delhi (c) Cawnpur (d) Calcutta CILL IN THE BLANKS: Q15 was a soldier from Bareily. Q16 and gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North India in 1857. Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from GHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only memy to them?	ر 13. ₋				
(a) Meerut (b) Delhi (c) Cawnpur (d) Calcutta FILL IN THE BLANKS: Q15 was a soldier from Bareily. Q16 and gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North India in 1857. Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT OUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only memy to them?	N 144	` '	` '	(c) Revolt	(d) Resistance
CILL IN THE BLANKS: Q15 was a soldier from Bareily. Q16 and gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North India in 1857. Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT OUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only memy to them?	ر 14.1ع	=		() C	(1) (2.1)
was a soldier from Bareily. Q16 gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North and in 1857. Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?		(a) Meerut	(b) Delhi	(c) Cawnpur	(d) Calcutta
was a soldier from Bareily. 216 gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North and in 1857. 217. The British regained control of the country in the year 218. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS 219. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? 220. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? 221. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? 222. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only memy to them?	TILL	IN THE BLANKS	<u>:</u>		
gathered forces for the revolt that spread across the plains of North ndia in 1857. Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?					
Q17. The British regained control of the country in the year Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?				ces for the revolt that sp	pread across the plains of North
Q18. The Revolt of the 1857 began from SHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?	ndia i	in 1857.			
SHORT QUESTIONS Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?	Q17.	The British regained	l control of the count	try in the year	•
Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?	Q18. T	The Revolt of the 18	357 began from	•	
Q19. How did british try to win back the loyalty of the people after they recapture Delhi? Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?	1 77 0	OF DEPOSITOR			
Q20. How did the company plan to bring on end to the Mughal dynasty? Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?			to win book the level	ey of the moonly offer th	ay racantura Dalbi?
Q21. What was the situation of the peasants and Zamindars in the countryside? Q22. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?	_	•	•		•
222. What made the Indian rebelled against Britishers and how they all decided that British is the only enemy to them?		=		-	
enemy to them?	_		<u>=</u>		•
•	_		ın rebelled against B	riusners and now they	all decided that British is the only
2.2.3. What were the reforms introduced by the British?	•			D.:20.1.0	
	2 23. \	w nat were the reform	ms introduced by the	e British?	

Assignment - 1:

(अलंकार)

अलंकार का अर्थ हैआभूषण या गहना - अर्थात काव्य की शोभा बढ़ाने वाले तत्व को अलंकार कहते हैं । अलंकार के भेद:-

शब्दालंकार

अर्थालंकार

शब्द अलंकार के तीन भेद होते हैं:-

अन्प्रास अलंकार,

यमक अलंकार,

श्लेष अलंकार

1.अनुप्रास अलंकार:- जब काव्य में कोई वर्ण या अक्षर एक से अधिक बार आए तब उसे अनुप्रास अलंकार' 'कहते हैं। जैसे:- रघुपति राघव राजा राम ।

इस पंक्ति में वर्ण एक से अधिक बार आया है, अतः 'र' यहाँ अन्प्रास अलंकार है।

2.यमक अलंकार:- जब काव्य में कोई शब्द एक से अधिक बार आता है और हर बार अर्थ अलग अलग हो -तब वहाँ यमक' अलंकार होता है। 'जैसे:- काली घटा का घमंड घटा ।

इस पंक्ति में घटा' शब्द दो बार आया' है परन्तु दोनों बार अर्थ अलग -अलग है। एक 'घटा' का अर्थ है-बादलऔर दूसरे घटा'' का अर्थ-है- कम होना । अतः यहाँ यमक अलंकार है ।

3. १लेष अलंकार:- १लेष का अर्थ है चिपका हुआ अर्थात् - जब काव्य में कोई शब्द एक ही बार आता है परन्तु उसके एक से अधिक अर्थ निकलते हैं होता है। '१लेष अलंकार' वहाँ,

जैसे:-पानी गए न ऊबरै मोतीचून । मानुष,

इस पंक्ति में पानी' शब्द एक ही बार आया है'परन्तु उसके एक से अधिक अर्थ प्रकट होते हैं। मोती के संदर्भ में चमक -,

मन्ष्य के संबंध में- मानसम्मान या प्रतिष्ठा-

चून के संबंध में-पानी में घोलने के लिए। अतः यहाँ श्लेष अलंकार है।-

निम्नलिखित पंक्तियों में कौनसा अलंकार है-?लिखिए।

- 1.चारू चंद की चंचल किरणें खेल रही है जलथल- में।-
- 2. कल कानन कुंडल मोर पखा उर पै बनमाल विराजति है।-
- 3. कहै कवि बेनी, बेनी ब्याल की चुराई लीन्ही ।-
- 4.कर का मनका डारि दे मन का मनका फेर ।-
- 5. सुबरन को खोजत फिरत कविव्यभिचारी, चोर ,।-
- 6. मंगन को देखि पट देत बार-बार है। -
- 7. मध्वन की छाती को देखोसूखी इसकी कितनी कलियाँ। ,-
- 8. तीन बेर खाती थीं वे तीन बैर खाती हैं।-
- 9. मैया मोरी मैं नाहिं माखन खायो ।-
- 10. रति- रति शोभा सब रति के शरीर की।-
- 11. जे तो नीचो हवे चलै, ते ते ऊँचो होय ।-
- 12. जेते तुम तारे, तेते नभ में न तारे हैं।-
- 13. विमल वाणी ने वीणा ली।-
- 14. तू मोहन के उरवशी हवै उरवशी समान । -

15. मुदित महीपति मंदिर आए। -

(समास)

दो या दो से अधिक शब्दों के मेल से शब्द बनाने की प्रक्रिया को समास कहते हैं।

- ।. निम्नलिखित समस्त पद का विग्रह करके समास का नाम लिखिए:-
 - 1. यशप्राप्त-

2. हस्तलिखित-

3. देशप्रेमी -

4.सज्जन-

5. प्रतिदिन -

6. नीलगगन-

7. वनवास-

८. मृगनयन-

9.आजीवन-

- 10. बेशक-
- ॥. निम्नलिखित समस्त पद बनाकर समास का नाम लिखिए:-
 - 1.तीन रंगों का समूह-

2. जन्म अथवा मृत्य् -

3. महान है जो देव-

4. तीन लोकों का समूह-

5. चाय या कॉफी -

6. शत्रु पैदा नहीं हुआ है जिसका-

7. सात ऋषियों का समूह -

8. नायक और नायिका-

9. चक्र धारण किया है जिसने-

10. मृत्यु को जीता है जिसने-

Assignment - 2:

- 1. टिकट गुम होने पर बस चालक और यात्री के बीच का संवाद लिखिए ।
- 2. बढ़ती महंगाई पर दो स्त्रियों के बीच का संवाद लिखिए।
- 3. कक्षा में देरी से आने पर अध्यापक और छात्र के बीच संवाद लिखिए।
- 4. लुधियाना नगर निगम के आयुक्त को अपने क्षेत्र में पीने के पानी की समस्या की ओर ध्यान केंद्रित करते हुए पत्र लिखिए।

5. बिजली संकट से अवगत करवाते हुए बिजली आयुक्त को पत्र लिखिए।

- 1. ਸਫਲਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਅਸਫਲਤਾ ਪਾਠ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦੌਰਾਨ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਮਨ ਵਿਚ ਕਿਹੇ ਜਿਹੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਆਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ, ਲਿਖੇ।
 2. ਇੱਟਰਨੈੱਟ ਦੀ ਵਾਧੂ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਨੇਜਵਾਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਤਬਾਗੇ ਵੱਲ ਲੈ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ, ਦੱਸੇ ਕਿਵੇ।
 3. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਆਪਣਾ ਜਨਮਰਿਨ ਕਿਸ ਢੰਗ ਨਾਲ ਮਨਾਉਣਾ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੇ ਹੋ ਉਸ ਬਾਰੇ ਲਿਖੇ।
 4. Assignment ਹੋਲ ਕਰੇ ।

 Assignment:
 1. ਪੈਰ ਲਿਖੇ ਸਲਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੇ।
 1. ਪੈਲ ਟ. ਆਉਂਦਾ 3. ਸਾਥੀ 4. ਮਧਰਾ 5. ਮਾਸਟਰ
 6. ਗੰਭਰੂ 7. ਤੁਹਾਡਾ 8. ਮਿੰਤਰ 9. ਆਦਮੀ 10. ਲੰਮਾ
 2. ਹੈਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਸਲਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਦਰਨ ਬਦਲੇ।
 1. ਤੰਨੀ 2. ਮਨਿਆਦੀ 3. ਚਿਹਰਾ 4. ਪ੍ਰੀਬਿਆ 5. ਚਮਝੀ
 6. ਅਖਬਾਰ 7. ਬਟਨ 8. ਦਵਾਈ 9. ਜਿੰਦਗੀ 10. ਦਿਹਾੜੀ
 3. ਵਿਧੇਸ਼ੀ ਸਲਦ
 1. ਰਾਤ 2. ਸਫਲ 3. ਵਧੀਆ 4. ਨਿਰਾਸ਼ਾ 5. ਗੂੰਦ
 6. ਮੁੱਤਾ 7. ਕਮਮੈਰ 8. ਜਗਦਾ 9. ਖੁਸ਼ੀ 10. ਮੂਰਰੇ
 4. ਹੈਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਸ਼ਲਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਨਾਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਬਣਾਉ।
 1. ਜਿਸਮ 2. ਧਰਤੀ 3. ਬਰਸਾਤ 4. ਦੁਨੀਆਂ 5. ਨਰਮ
 6. ਮਤ 7. ਨਿਪੁੰਨ 8. ਖਸਾਤਾ 9. ਉਦਾਸ 10. ਧਰਤੀ
 5. ਹੈਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਬਲੂਅਫਬਕ ਸਲਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਕਦ ਦਸਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਲਿਫਿਨ-ਲਫਿਨ ਵਾਕ ਬਣਾਉ।
 1. ਧਾਰ 2. ਬੋਲੀ 3. ਵਿੱਕੀ 4. ਹਾਰ 5.ਸਾਰ
 6. ਹੇਰ ਲਿਖੇ ਸਲਦਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੁੱਧ ਕਰਕੇ ਲਿਖੇ।
 1. ਅਦਸ਼ਕ 2. ਜਿਹਨ 3. ਤੁੜੀਆਂ 4. ਪਾਰਥੇਗਈ 5. ਆਜਿਸਜਨ
 6. ਸੀਵਲ 7. ਕਮੀਸਨ 8. ਆਰਥੀਕਤਾ 9. ਪ੍ਰਾਬਣਾ 10. ਪਿੱਛਰੇਆਂ

MATHEMATICS

Note: Complete the given assignments of all chapters of first unit.

Prepare the Model according to Roll Number.

- 1. Make a Square root clock by using card board and coloured paper. (Roll No. 1-7)
- 2. Make a working model of Cubes and Cube roots. (Roll No. 8- 14)
- 3. Make a model of showing different types of Numbers. (Roll No. 15 21)
- 4. Make a working model of showing different types of Angles. (Roll No 22 28)
- 5. Make a model of showing Exponent Rules (Roll No. 29-35)
- 6. Make a model of showing area of Circle. (Roll No. 36 onwards)

ART & CRAFT

Topic: - Make a Poster on Andhra Pardesh festival

Material Required/ General Instructions:-

- 1. A3 sheet, poster colours, crayons, oil pastels, sketches, brushes etc.
- 2. Make a poster on Andhra pardesh festival.
- 3. Work should be neat and clean.
- 4. Work should be innovative.
- 5. Create your own creativity also.
- 6. You can take a help from Google.
- 7. Example is given below.

